

Annual Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

> Prepared by City Treasurer's Office Vredeveld Haefner LLC - Auditors

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 17, 2024

Members of the Board City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Traverse City, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority (the Authority), a Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 21 through 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2024, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the *Downtown Development Authority* (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,630,795 (*net position*).
- The Authority's total net position increased by \$494,157.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,661,912 an increase of \$529,160 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Authority that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The Authority's governmental activity is economic development. The Authority has no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Authority itself. The Authority has no legally separate component units for which the Authority is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Authority only has governmental funds. The Authority does not maintain enterprise or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Authority maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all three funds; the General Fund, TIF 97 and Old Town TIF Special Revenue Funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Other Information

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,630,795 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Downtown Development Authority's Net Postion

	June 30					
		2024	2023			
Governmental Activities						
Current assets	\$	8,333,996	\$	8,126,461		
Non Current assets		1,997,110		1,997,110		
Total Assets		10,331,106		10,123,571		
Long-term liabilities		28,227		41,856		
Other liabilities		672,084		945,077		
Total Liabilities		700,311		986,933		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital		1,997,110		1,997,110		
Restricted		7,064,453		6,685,312		
Unrestricted		569,232		454,216		
	\$	9,630,795	\$	9,136,638		

The Authority's net position reflects its restricted net position for future expenditures within the guidelines of the tax increment finance district plans and unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position.

The Authority's net position increased by \$494,157 key highlights are as follows:

■ The increase in net position for 2024 compared to an increase of \$784,371 in 2023. Property taxes increased by approximately \$269,000 due in large part to a significant increase in the captured value of the TIF 97 plan and 2024 being the seventh year of capture for the Old Town TIF plan. Operating grants decreased by approximately \$555,000 due in large part to the MEDC grant for upgrading downtown infrastructure being completed in 2023. Total expenses decreased by approximately \$13,000, with Old Town TIF contributions to construction projects increasing by \$850,000 and DDA general operating expenditures decreasing by \$713,000 due to completion of grant projects in 2023.

Downtown Development Authority's Changes in Net Postion

	June 30				
	2024			2023	
Governmental Activities					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	1,037,719	\$	978,783	
Operating grants		176,912		732,710	
Capital grants		56,226		135,079	
General revenues					
Property taxes		4,753,542		4,484,538	
Unrestricted investment earnings		4,882		2,211	
Total Revenue		6,029,281		6,333,321	
Expenses					
Economic development		5,535,124		5,548,950	
Change in net position		494,157		784,371	
Net position beginning of year		9,136,638		8,352,267	
Net position end of year	\$	9,630,795	\$	9,136,638	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,661,912, an increase of \$529,160 in comparison with the prior year. \$7,064,453 is restricted and available only for spending for the benefit of the applicable TIF district.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$572,817. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 30.4 percent of total General Fund expenditures. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Authority's General Fund increased by \$114,565 compared to an anticipated increase of \$27,843.

The TIF 97 Special Revenue Fund had a fund balance of \$6,286,325, which increased \$742,578 although anticipated to decrease \$665,642. This difference was attributed to actual expenditures being under budget because of the timing of construction projects the district has committed funding to.

The Old Town TIF Special Revenue Fund has a fund balance of \$799,555, a decrease of \$327,983 compared to a projected decrease of \$850,314. The timing of district funded construction projects was the key factor in the increased fund balance for the Old Town TIF Fund.

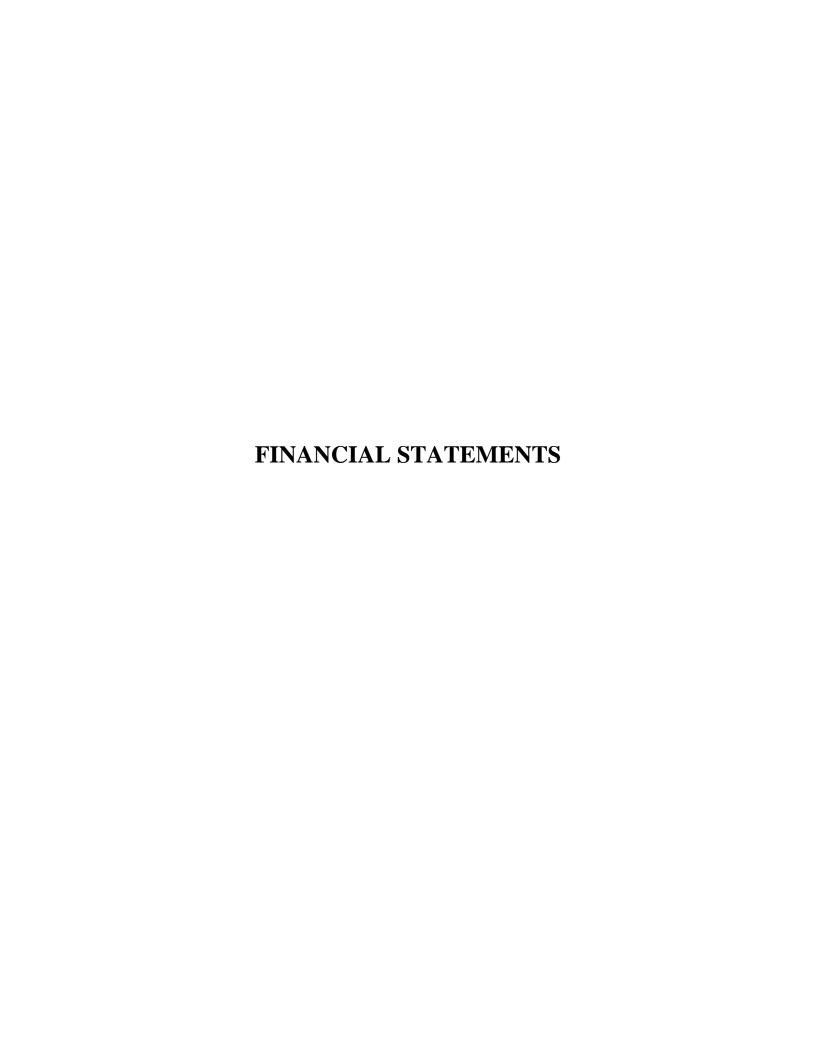
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the 2024-25 fiscal year:

- Work on the Lower Boardman/Ottaway Riverwalk including a \$1 million MEDC grant and a \$900,000 EGLE grant.
- Work on Rotary Square including use of the \$1 million grant from Rotary Charities.
- Work on two-way State Street Pilot Project.
- Assistance with downtown streetscape and snowmelt projects.
- Transitioning Auto parking employees to the City primary government payroll.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Authority's Executive Director, 303 State Street, Traverse City, Michigan.



(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,113,590
Due from other governments	195,764
Prepaid items	24,642
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,997,110
Total assets	10,331,106
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	490,680
Accrued liabilities	58,893
Unearned revenue	122,511
Accrued compensated absences	
Due in more than one year	28,227
Total liabilities	700,311
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,997,110
Restricted for tax increment finance districts	7,064,453
Unrestricted	569,232
Total net position	\$ 9,630,795

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		1	Program Revenu		
<u>FunctionsI Programs</u>	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities	\$ 5,535,124	\$ 1,037,719	\$ 176,912	\$ 56,226	\$ (4,264,267)
	G 1				
	General revenues Unrestricted property taxes				131,422
	Restricted property taxes for tax increment finance districts				4,622,120
	Unrestricted investment income				4,882
	Total general revenues				4,758,424
	Change in net position				494,157
	Net position, b	eginning of year			9,136,638
	Net position, en	nd of year			\$ 9,630,795

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund		TIF 97 <u>Fund</u>	Ole	d Town TIF <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	811,763	\$	6,109,666	\$	1,192,161	\$	8,113,590
Due from other governments		178,462		17,302		-		195,764
Due from other funds		101,417		247,057		28,265		376,739
Prepaid expenditures		3,215	_	14,656		6,771	_	24,642
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,094,857	\$	6,388,681	\$	1,227,197	\$	8,710,735
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	62,099	\$	25,652	\$	402,929	\$	490,680
Accrued liabilities		58,893		-		-		58,893
Unearned revenue		122,511		-		-		122,511
Due to other funds		275,322		76,704		24,713		376,739
Total liabilities		518,825		102,356		427,642		1,048,823
Fund balances								
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures		3,215		14,656		6,771		24,642
Restricted - tax increment finance districts		-		6,271,669		792,784		7,064,453
Unassigned		572,817	_					572,817
Total fund balances		576,032		6,286,325		799,555		7,661,912
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,094,857	\$	6,388,681	\$	1,227,197	\$	8,710,735

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,661,912
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - Capital Assets	1,997,110
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - accrued compensated absences	 (28,227)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 9,630,795

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues	<u>Ger</u>	neral Fund		TIF 97 <u>Fund</u>	Old	l Town TIF <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$	131,422	\$	3,832,136	\$	789,984	\$	4,753,542
Grants and contributions	Ψ	189,567	Ψ	3,032,130	Ψ	707,704	Ψ	189,567
Reimbursements		1,667,313		92,203		_		1,759,516
Other income		1,007,515		700		_		700
Interest income		4,882		54,755		290		59,927
		.,002	_	0 .,,,,			_	55,527
Total revenues		1,993,184		3,979,794		790,274		6,763,252
Expenditures								
Economic development								
Salaries		938,446		-		-		938,446
Fringe benefits		327,813		-		-		327,813
Office supplies and utilities		35,125		134,574		-		169,699
Professional services		562,104		1,318,785		267,432		2,148,321
Travel and conferences		14,451		-		-		14,451
Repairs and maintenance		234		-		-		234
Rentals		446		-		-		446
Contributions to district construction projects		-		830,746		850,825		1,681,571
Contributions to other governments - debt service				953,111				953,111
Total expenditures		1,878,619		3,237,216		1,118,257		6,234,092
Net change in fund balance		114,565		742,578		(327,983)		529,160
Fund balance, beginning of year		461,467		5,543,747		1,127,538		7,132,752
Fund balance, end of year	\$	576,032	\$	6,286,325	\$	799,555	\$	7,661,912

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 529,160
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Noncurrent assets recorded on the fund statements are not available to fund current year operations and are unavailable in the funds.	
Deduct - payments received on long-term receivables due from other governments	(48,632)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add - decrease in compensated absences	 13,629
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 494,157

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity - The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority"), a discrete component unit of the City of Traverse City (the "City"), was created in September 1978 by the City Commission pursuant to Act No. 197 of the Public Acts of 1975 of the State of Michigan. It operates through a Board of Trustees (the "Board") consisting of the Mayor of the City of Traverse City and eleven members approved by the City Commission. The purpose of the Authority is to correct and prevent deterioration of the Downtown Development District, encourage historic preservation, create and implement development plans, and promote economic growth.

The Authority is a component unit of the City because the City appoints the Authority's Board of Directors, it has the ability to significantly influence the Authority's operations and it is financially accountable for the Authority as defined under GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61. Accordingly, the Authority is presented as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Authority. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The Authority has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – The government-wide financial information is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the years for which they are levied.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Governmental fund financial information is reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service and compensated absences expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The TIF 97 and Old Town TIF Special Revenue Funds account for financial resources that are legally restricted for activities within specific districts of the Downtown Development Authority.

Capital Assets – The Authority has capitalized two parcels of land purchased by the Authority for which it holds legal ownership. Infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers and similar items), along with water and wastewater subsystems, constructed by the Authority are not recorded as the Authority's capital assets, even though the Authority may be obligated to repay the debt issued to finance the related projects. Such capital assets become the property of the City when they are placed into service and, accordingly, are then reported as the City's capital assets.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, when applicable, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the Authority does not report deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position when applicable will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Currently, the Authority does not report deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Accrued compensated absences - Employees earn Paid Time Off, if Paid Time Off is not used before the anniversary date, a maximum of 40 hours are eligible for rollover into the next work year and accumulation in the PTO "bucket." Unused PTO above 40 hours that remains on the anniversary date will be forfeited. The maximum payout upon separation will be 40 hours. The estimated amount due to employees as of June 30, 2024 is accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resource by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Authority's highest level of decision making authority, the Authority's Board of Directors. A formal resolution by the Authority's Board of Directors is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. Assigned fund balance is reported for amounts intended for specific purposes expressed and assigned by the governing body. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions – Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Authority is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Authority's deposit and investment policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand and demand deposits with a bank. The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of bank deposits with a balance of \$8,113,590 at June 30, 2024.

Custodial credit risk - deposits

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The State does not require and the Authority has not adopted a policy regarding custodial credit risk. The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared, or of deposits in transit) at \$8,113,608. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insures \$250,000 and the remainder of \$7,863,608 is uninsured and not collateralized.

3. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable are related to vendors and construction projects including approximately \$398,000 due to the City primary government for Old Town TIF district construction projects. Accrued liabilities in the governmental activities consist of accrued payroll liabilities.

4. **DUE FOR OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

The General Fund amounts due from other governments includes \$68,750 of receivables from the City primary government related to the auto parking system's administration agreement.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of land purchased and improved for the City Civic Square.

	J	Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decrease	S	Balance
Capital assets not depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,977,110	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,977,110

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

6. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in accrued compensated absences consist of the following:

	Balance <u>07/01/23</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance <u>06/30/24</u>	Within One Year
Accrued compensated absences	<u>\$41,856</u>	\$ 36,181	\$ 49,810	\$28,227	\$ -

D-- -

Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

7. COMMITMENTS

The 2017 City of Traverse City Downtown Development Tax Exempt Refunding Bonds are reported on the City of Traverse City financial statements. The Authority has pledged tax increment revenues for the payment of these bonds. The City has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds. The following are the obligations, including interest, expected to be paid from the collection of tax increment revenues in the Tax Increment Financing and Development Plan No. 97.

Fiscal Year	
End	Amount
2025	\$ 913,720
2026	874,459
2027	825,656
2028	782,541
	\$ 3,396,376

The Authority has committed to assist the City with various infrastructure related projects within their boundaries including bridge repairs, street upgrades and streetscape improvements. The estimated Authority commitment for projects that have started is \$453,359 at June 30, 2024. The Authority will pay these commitments using district eligible TIF captured funds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. PROPERTY TAXES

The Authority's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of applicable property located in the Districts of the Authority as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through July 31 and unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid by March 1 of the succeeding year. Assessed values as established annually by the City, and subject to acceptance by the County, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50 percent of the assessed value. The taxable value for real and personal property for the Authority for the 2023 levy was \$270,259,201. The Authority's general operating tax rate for fiscal year 2023-24 was 1.5927 mills.

Property tax revenue for the TIF's, which are included in the Downtown Development Authority, is derived pursuant to the tax increment financing development plans. The Old Town TIF tax increment financing development plan captured it's first taxes during the fiscal year end June 30, 2018. Real and personal property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on properties located within the boundaries of the tax increment financing districts. The City bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the Authority. Delinquent taxes on ad valorem real property at March 1 are purchased and collected by Grand Traverse County. Collection of delinquent personal property tax remains the responsibility of the City of Traverse City. Property tax revenue is recognized when levied in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements to the extent that it results in current receivables.

Except for property taxes captured from local schools that exceed contractual obligations, the Authority is entitled to all taxes levied on property within the tax increment financing authority districts to the extent that the current taxable value exceeds the base year taxable value. The base year of initial properties was 1997 for TIF 97 (\$32,860,088). The base year on other properties is determined by the date of entry into the district. The fiscal year 2023-24 captured taxable values for TIF 97 was \$188,880,794. The base year of initial properties was 2017 for Old Town TIF (\$45,424,382). The base year on other properties is determined by the date of entry into the district. The fiscal year 2023-24 captured taxable values for Old Town TIF was \$76,942,900.

9. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES REVENUE

The Authority entered into a contract with the Downtown Traverse City Association (a not-for-profit organization). The Authority provides office space and administrative services to the association for an annual fee of \$75,000.

The Authority entered into a contract on June 19, 2003 with the City of Traverse City in which the Authority will operate and manage the Traverse City Parking Services for an annual fee. The fiscal year end June 30, 2024 fee of \$825,000 was billed monthly at \$68,750.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Authority's General Fund is reimbursed an administrative fee for indirect cost from the TIF 97 and Old Town TIF Funds as approved in the budget. The revenue recorded in the General Fund and expenditures in the TIF Fund are eliminated in the government wide financial statements. Income from the administrative fee for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$685,339.

10. RISK OF LOSS

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority is covered for these risks via the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool, Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Insurance Fund and commercial health insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Authority sponsors the Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The administrator of the plan is ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plan is available to all employees. The employer contributes 4% to the plan and will match employee contributions up to an additional 6%. Plan provision and contribution requirements can only be amended by a resolution from the Board of Directors. In fiscal year 2024 the Authority contributed \$69,056 and the employees contributed \$54,230 to this plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
D.	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)
Revenues	e 120.000	¢ 120.000	¢ 121.422	¢ 1.422
Taxes Grants and contributions	\$ 130,000 100,000			
Reimbursements	1,585,359	,	189,567	89,567 81,954
Rental income			1,667,313	,
	115,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 992	(115,000)
Interest income	1,000	1,000	4,882	3,882
Total revenues	1,931,359	1,931,359	1,993,184	61,825
Expenditures				
Economic development				
Salaries	1,060,134		938,446	121,688
Fringe benefits	390,382	,	327,813	62,569
Office supplies and utilities	63,000		35,125	27,875
Professional services	360,000	360,000	562,104	(202,104)
Travel and conferences	30,000	30,000	14,451	15,549
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	234	(234)
Rentals	-	-	446	(446)
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	1,903,516	1,903,516	1,878,619	24,897
Net change in fund balance - revenues over (under) expenditures	27,843	27,843	114,565	86,722
Fund balance, beginning of year	461,467	461,467	461,467	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 489,310	\$ 489,310	\$ 576,032	\$ 86,722

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Special Revenue Fund - TIF 97 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amount	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,180,861	\$ 4,180,861	\$ 3,832,136	, ,
Grants and contributions	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)
Reimbursements	130,000	130,000	92,203	(37,797)
other income	-	-	700	700
Interest income	4,500	4,500	54,755	50,255
Total revenues	4,355,361	4,355,361	3,979,794	(375,567)
Expenditures				
Economic development				
Office supplies and utilities	270,000	270,000	134,574	135,426
Professional services	1,672,563	1,672,563	1,318,785	353,778
Contributions to district construction projects	2,125,000	2,125,000	830,746	1,294,254
Contributions to other governments - debt service	953,440	953,440	953,111	329
Capital Outlay				
Total expenditures	5,021,003	5,021,003	3,237,216	1,783,787
Net change in fund balance - revenues over (under) expenditures	(665,642)	(665,642)	742,578	1,408,220
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,543,747	5,543,747	5,543,747	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,878,105	\$ 4,878,105	\$ 6,286,325	\$ 1,408,220

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Special Revenue Fund - Old Town TIF For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget A	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amount</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 841,481	\$ 841,481	\$ 789,984	\$ (51,497)
Interest income	100	100	290	190
Total revenues	841,581	841,581	790,274	(51,307)
Expenditures Economic development				
Professional services	303,450	303,450	267,432	36,018
Contributions to district construction projects	805,000	1,388,445	850,825	537,620
Total expenditures	1,108,450	1,691,895	1,118,257	573,638
Net change in fund balance - revenues over (under) expenditures	(266,869)	(850,314)	(327,983)	522,331
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,127,538	1,127,538	1,127,538	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 860,669	\$ 277,224	\$ 799,555	\$ 522,331

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control and their budgets are prepared on the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to reflect actual results. The Authority follows the City's budget process in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Authority submits a proposed budget to the City Manager. After review and approval, the City Manager submits a recommended operating budget to the City Commission. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted through a City Commission resolution prior to the beginning of the budgetary year for the Authority's funds. The budget is then adopted by the Authority's Board.
- The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Commission during the year.
- The budget document presents information by fund, function and activity. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing board is the fund level, which is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 17, 2024

Members of the Board City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Traverse City, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority (the Authority), a Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredeveld Haefner LLC